# **Cosmetology Licensure** COMPACT

### **Cosmetology Licensure Compact Model Legislation**

This project was funded by the Department of Defense.

The following language must be enacted into law by a state to officially join the Cosmetology Licensure Compact.

<u>No substantive changes should be made to the model language.</u> Any substantive changes may jeopardize the enacting state's participation in the Compact.

The Council of State Governments National Center for Interstate Compacts reviews state compact legislation to ensure consistency with the model language. Please direct inquiries to Keith Buckhout at <u>kbuckhout@csg.org</u>.

### COSMETOLOGY LICENSURE COMPACT

### 2 ARTICLE 1- PURPOSE

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3 4 5 6 7 8 9	The purpose of this Compact is to facilitate the interstate practice and regulation of Cosmetology with the goal of improving public access to, and the safety of, Cosmetology Services and reducing unnecessary burdens related to Cosmetology licensure. Through this Compact, the Member States seek to establish a regulatory framework which provides for a new multistate licensing program. Through this new licensing program, the Member States seek to provide increased value and mobility to licensed Cosmetologists in the Member States, while ensuring the provision of safe, effective, and reliable services to the public.
10 11	This Compact is designed to achieve the following objectives, and the Member States hereby ratify the same intentions by subscribing hereto:
12 13 14	A. Provide opportunities for interstate practice by Cosmetologists who meet uniform requirements for multistate licensure;
15 16 17	B. Enhance the abilities of Member States to protect public health and safety, and prevent fraud and unlicensed activity within the profession;
18 19 20	C. Ensure and encourage cooperation between Member States in the licensure and regulation of the Practice of Cosmetology;
21 22	D. Support relocating military members and their spouses;
23 24 25	E. Facilitate the exchange of information between Member States related to the licensure, investigation, and discipline of the Practice of Cosmetology;
26 27 28	F. Provide for the licensure and mobility of the workforce in the profession, while addressing the shortage of workers and lessening the associated burdens on the Member States.
29	ARTICLE 2- DEFINITIONS
30 31	As used in this Compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following definitions shall govern the terms herein:
32 33 34	A. "Active Military Member" means any person with full-time duty status in the armed forces of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve.
35 36 37 38 39	B. "Adverse Action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a Member State's laws which is imposed by a State Licensing Authority or other regulatory body against a Cosmetologist, including actions against an individual's license or Authorization to Practice such as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the Licensee, limitation of the Licensee's practice, or any other Encumbrance on a license

40 41 42		affecting an individual's ability to participate in the Cosmetology industry, including the issuance of a cease and desist order.		
42 43 44 45 46	C.	"Authorization to Practice" means a legal authorization associated with a Multistate License permitting the Practice of Cosmetology in that Remote State, which shall be subject to the enforcement jurisdiction of the State Licensing Authority in that Remote State.		
47 48 49	D.	"Alternative Program" means a non-disciplinary monitoring or prosecutorial diversion program approved by a Member State's State Licensing Authority.		
50 51 52 53 54	E.	"Background Check" means the submission of information for an applicant for the purpose of obtaining that applicant's criminal history record information, as further defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(d), from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining State criminal or disciplinary history in the applicant's Home State.		
55 56 57 58	F.	"Charter Member State" means Member States who have enacted legislation to adopt this Compact where such legislation predates the effective date of this Compact as defined in Article 13.		
59 60 61 62 63	G.	"Commission" means the government agency whose membership consists of all States that have enacted this Compact, which is known as the Cosmetology Licensure Compact Commission, as defined in Article 9, and which shall operate as an instrumentality of the Member States.		
63 64 65	H.	"Cosmetologist" means an individual licensed in their Home State to practice Cosmetology.		
66 67 68 69	I.	"Cosmetology", "Cosmetology Services", and the "Practice of Cosmetology" mean the care and services provided by a Cosmetologist as set forth in the Member State's statutes and regulations in the State where the services are being provided.		
70 71	J.	"Current Significant Investigative Information" means:		
72 73 74 75 76		1. Investigative Information that a State Licensing Authority, after an inquiry or investigation that complies with a Member State's due process requirements, has reason to believe is not groundless and, if proved true, would indicate a violation of that State's laws regarding fraud or the Practice of Cosmetology; or		
77 78 79 80		2. Investigative Information that indicates that a Licensee has engaged in fraud or represents an immediate threat to public health and safety, regardless of whether the Licensee has been notified and had an opportunity to respond.		
81 82	K.	"Data System" means a repository of information about Licensees, including, but not limited to, license status, Investigative Information, and Adverse Actions.		

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84	L.	"Disqualifying Event" means any event which shall disqualify an individual from holding a
85		Multistate License under this Compact, which the Commission may by Rule or order specify.
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87 88	M.	"Encumbered License" means a license in which an Adverse Action restricts the Practice of Cosmetology by a Licensee, or where said Adverse Action has been reported to the
89		Commission.
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91	N	"Encumbrance" means a revocation or suspension of, or any limitation on, the full and
92	1.11	unrestricted Practice of Cosmetology by a State Licensing Authority.
93		
94	0.	"Executive Committee" means a group of delegates elected or appointed to act on behalf of,
95	0.	and within the powers granted to them by, the Commission.
96		r
97	P.	"Home State" means the Member State which is a Licensee's primary State of residence, and
98		where that Licensee holds an active and unencumbered license to practice Cosmetology.
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100	Q.	"Investigative Information" means information, records, or documents received or generated
101		by a State Licensing Authority pursuant to an investigation or other inquiry.
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103	R.	"Jurisprudence Requirement" means the assessment of an individual's knowledge of the laws
104		and rules governing the Practice of Cosmetology in a State.
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106	S.	"Licensee" means an individual who currently holds a license from a Member State to
107		practice as a Cosmetologist.
108		
109	T.	"Member State" means any State that has adopted this Compact.
110		
111	U.	"Multistate License" means a license issued by and subject to the enforcement jurisdiction of
112		the State Licensing Authority in a Licensee's Home State, which authorizes the Practice of
113		Cosmetology in Member States and includes Authorizations to Practice Cosmetology in all
114		Remote States pursuant to this Compact.
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116	V.	"Remote State" means any Member State, other than the Licensee's Home State.
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118	W.	"Rule" means any rule or regulation promulgated by the Commission under this Compact
119		which has the force of law.
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121	Х.	"Single-State License" means a Cosmetology license issued by a Member State that
122		authorizes practice of Cosmetology only within the issuing State and does not include any
123		authorization outside of the issuing State.
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125 126 127		tate" means a State, territory, or possession of the United States and the District of lumbia.
127 128 129		tate Licensing Authority" means a Member State's regulatory body responsible for issuing osmetology licenses or otherwise overseeing the Practice of Cosmetology in that State.
130	ARTI	CLE 3- MEMBER STATE REQUIREMENTS
131 132		be eligible to join this Compact, and to maintain eligibility as a Member State, a State ast:
132	1110	451.
133	1	License and regulate Cosmetology;
135	1.	License und regulate cosmetology,
136	2	Have a mechanism or entity in place to receive and investigate complaints about
137	2.	Licensees practicing in that State;
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139	3.	Require that Licensees within the State pass a Cosmetology competency examination
140		prior to being licensed to provide Cosmetology Services to the public in that State;
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142	4.	Require that Licensees satisfy educational or training requirements in Cosmetology prior
143		to being licensed to provide Cosmetology Services to the public in that State;
144		
145	5.	Implement procedures for considering one or more of the following categories of
146		information from applicants for licensure: criminal history; disciplinary history; or
147		Background Check. Such procedures may include the submission of information by
148		applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's Background Check as defined
149		herein;
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151	6.	Participate in the Data System, including through the use of unique identifying numbers;
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153	7.	Share information related to Adverse Actions with the Commission and other Member
154		States, both through the Data System and otherwise;
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156	8.	Notify the Commission and other Member States, in compliance with the terms of the
157		Compact and Rules of the Commission, of the existence of Investigative Information or
158		Current Significant Investigative Information in the State's possession regarding a
159		Licensee practicing in that State;
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161	9.	Comply with such Rules as may be enacted by the Commission to administer the
162		Compact; and
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164	10	. Accept Licensees from other Member States as established herein.
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166 167	B.	Member States may charge a fee for granting a license to practice Cosmetology.
168 169 170 171 172	C.	Individuals not residing in a Member State shall continue to be able to apply for a Member State's Single-State License as provided under the laws of each Member State. However, the Single-State License granted to these individuals shall not be recognized as granting a Multistate License to provide services in any other Member State.
173 174 175	D.	Nothing in this Compact shall affect the requirements established by a Member State for the issuance of a Single-State License.
176 177 178 179	E.	A Multistate License issued to a Licensee by a Home State to a resident of that State shall be recognized by each Member State as authorizing a Licensee to practice Cosmetology in each Member State.
180 181 182	F.	At no point shall the Commission have the power to define the educational or professional requirements for a license to practice Cosmetology. The Member States shall retain sole jurisdiction over the provision of these requirements.
183	AR	<b>RTICLE 4- MULTISTATE LICENSE</b>
184 185 186 187	A.	To be eligible to apply to their Home State's State Licensing Authority for an initial Multistate License under this Compact, a Licensee must hold an active and unencumbered Single-State License to practice Cosmetology in their Home State.
188 189 190 191	B.	Upon the receipt of an application for a Multistate License, according to the Rules of the Commission, a Member State's State Licensing Authority shall ascertain whether the applicant meets the requirements for a Multistate License under this Compact.
192 193 194 195 196	C.	If an applicant meets the requirements for a Multistate License under this Compact and any applicable Rules of the Commission, the State Licensing Authority in receipt of the application shall, within a reasonable time, grant a Multistate License to that applicant, and inform all Member States of the grant of said Multistate License.
197 198 199 200 201	D.	A Multistate License to practice Cosmetology issued by a Member State's State Licensing Authority shall be recognized by each Member State as authorizing the practice thereof as though that Licensee held a Single-State License to do so in each Member State, subject to the restrictions herein.
202 203 204	E.	A Multistate License granted pursuant to this Compact may be effective for a definite period of time, concurrent with the licensure renewal period in the Home State.
205 206	F.	To maintain a Multistate License under this Compact, a Licensee must:

207 208 209 210		1.	Agree to abide by the rules of the State Licensing Authority, and the State scope of practice laws governing the Practice of Cosmetology, of any Member State in which the Licensee provides services;
210 211 212 213		2.	Pay all required fees related to the application and process, and any other fees which the Commission may by Rule require; and
213 214 215 216		3.	Comply with any and all other requirements regarding Multistate Licenses which the Commission may by Rule provide.
210 217 218 219	G.		Licensee practicing in a Member State is subject to all scope of practice laws governing smetology Services in that State.
220 221 222	H.	wi	e Practice of Cosmetology under a Multistate License granted pursuant to this Compact Il subject the Licensee to the jurisdiction of the State Licensing Authority, the courts, and a laws of the Member State in which the Cosmetology Services are provided.
223	AF	RTI	CLE 5- REISSUANCE OF A MULTISTATE LICENSE BY A NEW HOME STATE
224 225 226	A.		Licensee may hold a Multistate License, issued by their Home State, in only one Member at any given time.
220 227 228	B.	If a	a Licensee changes their Home State by moving between two Member States:
229 230 231 232		1.	The Licensee shall immediately apply for the reissuance of their Multistate License in their new Home State. The Licensee shall pay all applicable fees and notify the prior Home State in accordance with the Rules of the Commission.
232 233 234 235 236 237 238		2.	Upon receipt of an application to reissue a Multistate License, the new Home State shall verify that the Multistate License is active, unencumbered and eligible for reissuance under the terms of the Compact and the Rules of the Commission. The Multistate License issued by the prior Home State will be deactivated and all Member States notified in accordance with the applicable Rules adopted by the Commission.
239 240 241 242		3.	If required for initial licensure, the new Home State may require a Background Check as specified in the laws of that State, or the compliance with any Jurisprudence Requirements of the new Home State.
242 243 244 245 246 247		4.	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact, if a Licensee does not meet the requirements set forth in this Compact for the reissuance of a Multistate License by the new Home State, then the Licensee shall be subject to the new Home State requirements for the issuance of a Single-State License in that State.

- C. If a Licensee changes their primary state of residence by moving from a Member State to a non-Member State, or from a non-Member State to a Member State, then the Licensee shall
  be subject to the State requirements for the issuance of a Single-State License in the new Home State.
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- D. Nothing in this Compact shall interfere with a Licensee's ability to hold a Single-State
  License in multiple States; however, for the purposes of this Compact, a Licensee shall have
  only one Home State, and only one Multistate License.
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- E. Nothing in this Compact shall interfere with the requirements established by a Member Statefor the issuance of a Single-State License.

### ARTICLE 6- AUTHORITY OF THE COMPACT COMMISSION AND MEMBER STATE LICENSING AUTHORITIES

- A. Nothing in this Compact, nor any Rule or regulation of the Commission, shall be construed
  to limit, restrict, or in any way reduce the ability of a Member State to enact and enforce
  laws, regulations, or other rules related to the Practice of Cosmetology in that State, where
  those laws, regulations, or other rules are not inconsistent with the provisions of this
  Compact.
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- B. Insofar as practical, a Member State's State Licensing Authority shall cooperate with the
  Commission and with each entity exercising independent regulatory authority over the
  Practice of Cosmetology according to the provisions of this Compact.
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- C. Discipline shall be the sole responsibility of the State in which Cosmetology Services are
  provided. Accordingly, each Member State's State Licensing Authority shall be responsible
  for receiving complaints about individuals practicing Cosmetology in that State, and for
  communicating all relevant Investigative Information about any such Adverse Action to the
  other Member States through the Data System in addition to any other methods the
  Commission may by Rule require.

### 277 ARTICLE 7- ADVERSE ACTIONS

- A. A Licensee's Home State shall have exclusive power to impose an Adverse Action against a
   Licensee's Multistate License issued by the Home State.
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- B. A Home State may take Adverse Action on a Multistate License based on the Investigative
  Information, Current Significant Investigative Information, or Adverse Action of a Remote
  State.
- 284
- C. In addition to the powers conferred by State law, each Remote State's State Licensing
  Authority shall have the power to:
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288	1.	Take Adverse Action against a Licensee's Authorization to Practice Cosmetology
289		through the Multistate License in that Member State, provided that:
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291		a. Only the Licensee's Home State shall have the power to take Adverse Action against
292		the Multistate License issued by the Home State; and
293		
294		b. For the purposes of taking Adverse Action, the Home State's State Licensing
295		Authority shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct received from a
296		Remote State as it would if such conduct had occurred within the Home State. In so
297		doing, the Home State shall apply its own State laws to determine the appropriate
298		action.
299		action.
300	2	Issue cease and desist orders or impose an Encumbrance on a Licensee's Authorization to
300	۷.	Practice within that Member State.
301		Flactice within that Member State.
302 303	2	Complete any pending investigations of a Licensee who changes their primary state of
303 304	5.	Complete any pending investigations of a Licensee who changes their primary state of
304 305		residence during the course of such an investigation. The State Licensing Authority shall
		also be empowered to report the results of such an investigation to the Commission through the Data System as described herein.
306 307		ullough the Data System as described herein.
307	4	Janua submoance for both bearings and investigations that require the attendance and
308 309	4.	Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and
		testimony of witnesses, as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a State Licensing Authority in a Member State for the attendance and testimony of
310		State Licensing Authority in a Member State for the attendance and testimony of
311		witnesses or the production of evidence from another Member State shall be enforced in
312		the latter State by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and
313		procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings before it. The
314		issuing State Licensing Authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage,
315		and other fees required by the service statutes of the State in which the witnesses or evidence are located.
316		evidence are located.
317	5	If otherwise normalities have been been from the offected Licenses the costs of
318	5.	If otherwise permitted by State law, recover from the affected Licensee the costs of investigations and dispessition of asses moulting from any Adverse Action taken against
319		investigations and disposition of cases resulting from any Adverse Action taken against
320		that Licensee.
321	6	Tala A large A dian and the Lingues? And single A Destine in that State hand
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323		on the factual findings of another Remote State.
324 225		Licensee's Home State shall complete any new line investigation (a) of a Compute levist
325		Licensee's Home State shall complete any pending investigation(s) of a Cosmetologist
326		ho changes their primary state of residence during the course of the investigation(s). The
327		ome State shall also have the authority to take appropriate action(s) and shall promptly
328	re	port the conclusions of the investigations to the Data System.
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- E. If an Adverse Action is taken by the Home State against a Licensee's Multistate License, the
  Licensee's Authorization to Practice in all other Member States shall be deactivated until all
  Encumbrances have been removed from the Home State license. All Home State disciplinary
  orders that impose an Adverse Action against a Licensee's Multistate License shall include a
  statement that the Cosmetologist's Authorization to Practice is deactivated in all Member
  States during the pendency of the order.
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- F. Nothing in this Compact shall override a Member State's authority to accept a Licensee's
  participation in an Alternative Program in lieu of Adverse Action. A Licensee's Multistate
  License shall be suspended for the duration of the Licensee's participation in any Alternative
  Program.
- 342 G. Joint Investigations
- In addition to the authority granted to a Member State by its respective scope of practice
   laws or other applicable State law, a Member State may participate with other Member
   States in joint investigations of Licensees.
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  349
  2. Member States shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated under the Compact.

### 350 ARTICLE 8- ACTIVE MILITARY MEMBERS AND THEIR SPOUSES

Active Military Members, or their spouses, shall designate a Home State where the individual has a current license to practice Cosmetology in good standing. The individual may retain their Home State designation during any period of service when that individual or their spouse is on active duty assignment.

## 355 ARTICLE 9- ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATION OF THE COSMETOLOGY 356 LICENSURE COMPACT COMMISSION

- A. The Compact Member States hereby create and establish a joint government agency whose
   membership consists of all Member States that have enacted the Compact known as the
   Cosmetology Licensure Compact Commission. The Commission is an instrumentality of the
   Compact Member States acting jointly and not an instrumentality of any one State. The
   Commission shall come into existence on or after the effective date of the Compact as set
- 362 forth in Article 13.
- 363 B. Membership, Voting, and Meetings
- Each Member State shall have and be limited to one (1) delegate selected by that Member
   State's State Licensing Authority.

366 367		2.	The delegate shall be an administrator of the State Licensing Authority of the Member State or their designee.
368 369		3.	The Commission shall by Rule or bylaw establish a term of office for delegates and may by Rule or bylaw establish term limits.
370		4.	The Commission may recommend removal or suspension of any delegate from office.
371 372		5.	A Member State's State Licensing Authority shall fill any vacancy of its delegate occurring on the Commission within 60 days of the vacancy.
373 374		6.	Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote on all matters that are voted on by the Commission.
375 376 377		7.	The Commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings may be held as set forth in the bylaws. The Commission may meet by telecommunication, video conference or other similar electronic means.
378	C.	Th	e Commission shall have the following powers:
379		1.	Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
380		2.	Establish code of conduct and conflict of interest policies;
381		3.	Adopt Rules and bylaws;
382		4.	Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;
383 384		5.	Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the provisions of this Compact, the Commission's Rules, and the bylaws;
385 386 387		6.	Initiate and conclude legal proceedings or actions in the name of the Commission, provided that the standing of any State Licensing Authority to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;
388 389 390		7.	Maintain and certify records and information provided to a Member State as the authenticated business records of the Commission, and designate an agent to do so on the Commission's behalf;
391		8.	Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
392 393		9.	Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a Member State;
394		10	. Conduct an annual financial review;

395 396 397 398	11. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the Compact, and establish the Commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;
<ul> <li>399</li> <li>400</li> <li>401</li> <li>402</li> <li>403</li> <li>404</li> </ul>	12. As set forth in the Commission Rules, charge a fee to a Licensee for the grant of a Multistate License and thereafter, as may be established by Commission Rule, charge the Licensee a Multistate License renewal fee for each renewal period. Nothing herein shall be construed to prevent a Home State from charging a Licensee a fee for a Multistate License or renewals of a Multistate License, or a fee for the jurisprudence requirement if the Member State imposes such a requirement for the grant of a Multistate License;
405	13. Assess and collect fees;
406 407 408 409	14. Accept any and all appropriate gifts, donations, grants of money, other sources of revenue, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest;
410 411	15. Lease, purchase, retain, own, hold, improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed, or any undivided interest therein;
412 413	16. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or mixed;
414	17. Establish a budget and make expenditures;
415	18. Borrow money;
416 417 418	19. Appoint committees, including standing committees, composed of members, State regulators, State legislators or their representatives, and consumer representatives, and such other interested persons as may be designated in this Compact and the bylaws;
419	20. Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;
420 421	21. Elect a Chair, Vice Chair, Secretary and Treasurer and such other officers of the Commission as provided in the Commission's bylaws;
422	22. Establish and elect an Executive Committee, including a chair and a vice chair;
423	23. Adopt and provide to the Member States an annual report.
424 425 426	24. Determine whether a State's adopted language is materially different from the model Compact language such that the State would not qualify for participation in the Compact; and

427 428	25. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact.
429	D. The Executive Committee
430 431 432	1. The Executive Committee shall have the power to act on behalf of the Commission according to the terms of this Compact. The powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Executive Committee shall include:
433 434 435	a. Overseeing the day-to-day activities of the administration of the Compact including compliance with the provisions of the Compact, the Commission's Rules and bylaws, and other such duties as deemed necessary;
436 437 438	<ul> <li>Recommending to the Commission changes to the Rules or bylaws, changes to this Compact legislation, fees charged to Compact Member States, fees charged to Licensees, and other fees;</li> </ul>
439 440	c. Ensuring Compact administration services are appropriately provided, including by contract;
441	d. Preparing and recommending the budget;
442	e. Maintaining financial records on behalf of the Commission;
443 444	f. Monitoring Compact compliance of Member States and providing compliance reports to the Commission;
445	g. Establishing additional committees as necessary;
446 447 448 449	<ul> <li>Exercising the powers and duties of the Commission during the interim between Commission meetings, except for adopting or amending Rules, adopting or amending bylaws, and exercising any other powers and duties expressly reserved to the Commission by Rule or bylaw; and</li> </ul>
450	i. Other duties as provided in the Rules or bylaws of the Commission.
451	2. The Executive Committee shall be composed of up to seven voting members:
452 453 454	a. The chair and vice chair of the Commission and any other members of the Commission who serve on the Executive Committee shall be voting members of the Executive Committee; and
455 456	b. Other than the chair, vice-chair, secretary and treasurer, the Commission shall elect three voting members from the current membership of the Commission.

457 458 459 460 461			c. The Commission may elect ex-officio, nonvoting members from a recognized national Cosmetology professional association as approved by the Commission. The Commission's bylaws shall identify qualifying organizations and the manner of appointment if the number of organizations seeking to appoint an ex officio member exceeds the number of members specified in this Article.
462 463		3.	The Commission may remove any member of the Executive Committee as provided in the Commission's bylaws.
464		4.	The Executive Committee shall meet at least annually.
465 466 467 468 469			a. Annual Executive Committee meetings, as well as any Executive Committee meeting at which it does not take or intend to take formal action on a matter for which a Commission vote would otherwise be required, shall be open to the public, except that the Executive Committee may meet in a closed, non-public session of a public meeting when dealing with any of the matters covered under Article 9.F.4.
470 471 472 473			b. The Executive Committee shall give five business days advance notice of its public meetings, posted on its website and as determined to provide notice to persons with an interest in the public matters the Executive Committee intends to address at those meetings.
474 475		5.	The Executive Committee may hold an emergency meeting when acting for the Commission to:
476			a. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
477			b. Prevent a loss of Commission or Member State funds; or
478			c. Protect public health and safety.
479	E.	Th	e Commission shall adopt and provide to the Member States an annual report.
480	F.	Me	eetings of the Commission
481 482 483		1.	All meetings of the Commission that are not closed pursuant to Article 9.F.4 shall be open to the public. Notice of public meetings shall be posted on the Commission's website at least thirty (30) days prior to the public meeting.
484 485 486 487 488 489		2.	Notwithstanding Article 9.F.1, the Commission may convene an emergency public meeting by providing at least twenty-four (24) hours prior notice on the Commission's website, and any other means as provided in the Commission's Rules, for any of the reasons it may dispense with notice of proposed rulemaking under Article 11.L. The Commission's legal counsel shall certify that one of the reasons justifying an emergency public meeting has been met.

490 491 492 493	3.	Notice of all Commission meetings shall provide the time, date, and location of the neeting, and if the meeting is to be held or accessible via telecommunication, video conference, or other electronic means, the notice shall include the mechanism for access o the meeting.	S
494 495	4.	The Commission may convene in a closed, non-public meeting for the Commission to liscuss:	
496		Non-compliance of a Member State with its obligations under the Compact;	
497 498 499		<ul> <li>The employment, compensation, discipline or other matters, practices or procedure related to specific employees or other matters related to the Commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;</li> </ul>	S
500 501		Current or threatened discipline of a Licensee by the Commission or by a Member State's Licensing Authority;	
502		l. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;	
503 504		e. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real estate;	
505		Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any person;	
506 507		<ul> <li>Trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential;</li> </ul>	
508 509		<ul> <li>Information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;</li> </ul>	
510		. Investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes;	
511 512 513		. Information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for u of the Commission or other committee charged with responsibility of investigation determination of compliance issues pursuant to the Compact;	
514		a. Legal advice;	
515 516		. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure to the public by federal or Member State law; or	
517		n. Other matters as promulgated by the Commission by Rule.	
518 519 520	5.	f a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed, the presiding officer shall state that the neeting will be closed and reference each relevant exempting provision, and such eference shall be recorded in the minutes.	

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  6. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters discussed 522 in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the 523 reasons therefore, including a description of the views expressed. All documents 524 considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes 525 and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release only by a 526 majority vote of the Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 527 G. Financing of the Commission
- The Commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its
   establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
- 5305302. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate sources of revenue, donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
- 5323. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each Member State533and impose fees on Licensees of Member States to whom it grants a Multistate License to534cover the cost of the operations and activities of the Commission and its staff, which must535be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which536revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount for537Member States shall be allocated based upon a formula that the Commission shall538promulgate by Rule.
- 539
  4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds
  540 adequate to meet the same; nor shall the Commission pledge the credit of any Member
  541 States, except by and with the authority of the Member State.
- 5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The 543 receipts and disbursements of the Commission shall be subject to the financial review and 544 accounting procedures established under its bylaws. All receipts and disbursements of 545 funds handled by the Commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a 546 certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the financial review shall be 547 included in and become part of the annual report of the Commission.
- 548 H. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification
- 549 1. The members, officers, executive director, employees and representatives of the Commission shall be immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their official 550 551 capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that 552 occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for 553 554 believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties or responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to protect any 555 such person from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the 556 557 intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. The procurement of insurance

558of any type by the Commission shall not in any way compromise or limit the immunity559granted hereunder.

- 560 2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, and representative of the Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising 561 out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of 562 563 Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the 564 Commission that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for 565 believing occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or 566 responsibilities; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person 567 from retaining their own counsel at their own expense; and provided further, that the 568 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or 569 willful or wanton misconduct.
- 570 3. The Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive 571 director, employee, and representative of the Commission for the amount of any 572 settlement or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual or alleged 573 act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of Commission employment, duties, 574 or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred 575 within the scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, provided that the 576 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person. 577
- 578
  4. Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the liability of any Licensee for
  579 professional malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other
  580 applicable State laws.
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  5. Nothing in this Compact shall be interpreted to waive or otherwise abrogate a Member
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- 5856. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity by the586 Member States or by the Commission.

### 587 ARTICLE 10- DATA SYSTEM

- A. The Commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, operation, and utilization
   of a coordinated database and reporting system.
- B. The Commission shall assign each applicant for a Multistate License a unique identifier, asdetermined by the Rules of the Commission.
- 592 C. Notwithstanding any other provision of State law to the contrary, a Member State shall
   593 submit a uniform data set to the Data System on all individuals to whom this Compact is

594		ap	plicable as required by the Rules of the Commission, including:
595		1.	Identifying information;
596		2.	Licensure data;
597		3.	Adverse Actions against a license and information related thereto;
598 599 600		4.	Non-confidential information related to Alternative Program participation, the beginning and ending dates of such participation, and other information related to such participation;
601 602		5.	Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s) for such denial (excluding the reporting of any criminal history record information where prohibited by law);
603		6.	The existence of Investigative Information;
604		7.	The existence of Current Significant Investigative Information; and
605 606		8.	Other information that may facilitate the administration of this Compact or the protection of the public, as determined by the Rules of the Commission.
607 608 609 610 611	D.	thr cor ass	e records and information provided to a Member State pursuant to this Compact or ough the Data System, when certified by the Commission or an agent thereof, shall institute the authenticated business records of the Commission, and shall be entitled to any sociated hearsay exception in any relevant judicial, quasi-judicial or administrative beceedings in a Member State.
612 613 614	E.	Inv	e existence of Current Significant Investigative Information and the existence of vestigative Information pertaining to a Licensee in any Member State will only be ailable to other Member States.
615 616 617 618	F.	Ac inf	s the responsibility of the Member States to monitor the database to determine whether lverse Action has been taken against such a Licensee or License applicant. Adverse Action formation pertaining to a Licensee or License applicant in any Member State will be ailable to any other Member State.
619 620	G.		ember States contributing information to the Data System may designate information that by not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing State.
621 622 623	H.	fec	y information submitted to the Data System that is subsequently expunged pursuant to leral law or the laws of the Member State contributing the information shall be removed on the Data System.
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#### 624 ARTICLE 11- RULEMAKING

- A. The Commission shall promulgate reasonable Rules in order to effectively and efficiently
  implement and administer the purposes and provisions of the Compact. A Rule shall be
  invalid and have no force or effect only if a court of competent jurisdiction holds that the
  Rule is invalid because the Commission exercised its rulemaking authority in a manner that
  is beyond the scope and purposes of the Compact, or the powers granted hereunder, or based
  upon another applicable standard of review.
- B. The Rules of the Commission shall have the force of law in each Member State, provided
  however that where the Rules of the Commission conflict with the laws of the Member State
  that establish the Member State's scope of practice laws governing the Practice of
  Cosmetology as held by a court of competent jurisdiction, the Rules of the Commission shall
  be ineffective in that State to the extent of the conflict.
- 636 C. The Commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this
  637 Article and the Rules adopted thereunder. Rules shall become binding as of the date specified
  638 by the Commission for each Rule.
- D. If a majority of the legislatures of the Member States rejects a Rule or portion of a Rule, by
  enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the Compact within
  four (4) years of the date of adoption of the Rule, then such Rule shall have no further force
  and effect in any Member State or to any State applying to participate in the Compact.
- E. Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special meeting of the Commission.
- F. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the Commission shall hold a public hearing and allowpersons to provide oral and written comments, data, facts, opinions, and arguments.

646 G. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule by the Commission, and at least thirty (30) days in
647 advance of the meeting at which the Commission will hold a public hearing on the proposed
648 Rule, the Commission shall provide a notice of proposed rulemaking:

- 649 1. On the website of the Commission or other publicly accessible platform;
- 650 2. To persons who have requested notice of the Commission's notices of proposed651 rulemaking; and
- 652 3. In such other way(s) as the Commission may by Rule specify.
- 653 H. The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include:
- The time, date, and location of the public hearing at which the Commission will hear
   public comments on the proposed Rule and, if different, the time, date, and location of
   the meeting where the Commission will consider and vote on the proposed Rule;
- 657 2. If the hearing is held via telecommunication, video conference, or other electronic means,

658 659		the Commission shall include the mechanism for access to the hearing in the notice of proposed rulemaking;
660		3. The text of the proposed Rule and the reason therefor;
661		4. A request for comments on the proposed Rule from any interested person; and
662		5. The manner in which interested persons may submit written comments.
663 664 665	I.	All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording and all written comments and documents received by the Commission in response to the proposed Rule shall be available to the public.
666 667	J.	Nothing in this Article shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each Rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at hearings required by this Article.
668 669	K.	The Commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed Rule based on the rulemaking record and the full text of the Rule.
670 671		1. The Commission may adopt changes to the proposed Rule provided the changes do not enlarge the original purpose of the proposed Rule.
672 673 674		2. The Commission shall provide an explanation of the reasons for substantive changes made to the proposed Rule as well as reasons for substantive changes not made that were recommended by commenters.
675 676 677 678		3. The Commission shall determine a reasonable effective date for the Rule. Except for an emergency as provided in Article 11.L, the effective date of the Rule shall be no sooner than forty-five (45) days after the Commission issuing the notice that it adopted or amended the Rule.
679 680 681 682 683 684	L.	Upon determination that an emergency exists, the Commission may consider and adopt an emergency Rule with five (5) days' notice, with opportunity to comment, provided that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and in this Article shall be retroactively applied to the Rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than ninety (90) days after the effective date of the Rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency Rule is one that must be adopted immediately to:
685		1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
686		2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Member State funds;
687 688		3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of a Rule that is established by federal law or rule; or
689		4. Protect public health and safety.

690 M. The Commission or an authorized committee of the Commission may direct revisions to a 691 previously adopted Rule for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, 692 errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on 693 the website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a 694 period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that 695 the revision results in a material change to a Rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and 696 delivered to the Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, 697 the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision 698 may not take effect without the approval of the Commission. 699 N. No Member State's rulemaking requirements shall apply under this Compact.

### 700 ARTICLE 12- OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT

701 A. Oversight

The executive and judicial branches of State government in each Member State shall
 enforce this Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to implement the
 Compact.

- Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the Commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the Commission is located. The Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings. Nothing herein shall affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in any action against a Licensee for professional malpractice, misconduct or any such similar matter.
- The Commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any proceeding
  regarding the enforcement or interpretation of the Compact and shall have standing to
  intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide the Commission
  service of process shall render a judgment or order void as to the Commission, this
  Compact, or promulgated Rules.
- 717 B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination
- If the Commission determines that a Member State has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated Rules, the Commission shall provide written notice to the defaulting State. The notice of default shall describe the default, the proposed means of curing the default, and any other action that the Commission may take, and shall offer training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
- 2. The Commission shall provide a copy of the notice of default to the other Member States.
- 3. If a State in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting State may be terminated from

726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734	<ul> <li>the Compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the delegates of the Member States, and all rights, privileges and benefits conferred on that State by this Compact m be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending State of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.</li> <li>4. Termination of membership in the Compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the Commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting State's legislature, the defaulting State's State Licensing Authority and each of the Member States' State Licensing Authority.</li> </ul>	e
735 736 737	5. A State that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.	
738 739 740 741 742	6. Upon the termination of a State's membership from this Compact, that State shall immediately provide notice to all Licensees who hold a Multistate License within that State of such termination. The terminated State shall continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to this Compact for a minimum of one hundred eighty (180) days afte the date of said notice of termination.	r
743 744 745	7. The Commission shall not bear any costs related to a State that is found to be in default that has been terminated from the Compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the Commission and the defaulting State.	or
746 747 748 749	8. The defaulting State may appeal the action of the Commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.	
750	C. Dispute Resolution	
751 752 753	<ol> <li>Upon request by a Member State, the Commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the Compact that arise among Member States and between Member and non- Member States.</li> </ol>	
754 755	2. The Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.	
756	D. Enforcement	
757 758	1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, shall enforce the provision of this Compact and the Commission's Rules.	ns
759 760	2. By majority vote as provided by Commission Rule, the Commission may initiate legal action against a Member State in default in the United States District Court for the	

761District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission has its principal offices762to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its promulgated Rules. The763relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial764enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such765litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees. The remedies herein shall not be the766exclusive remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any other remedies767available under federal or the defaulting Member State's law.

- A Member State may initiate legal action against the Commission in the United States
  District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the Commission
  has its principal offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its
  promulgated Rules. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In
  the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs
  of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- 4. No individual or entity other than a Member State may enforce this Compact against theCommission.

### 776 ARTICLE 13- EFFECTIVE DATE, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT

- A. The Compact shall come into effect on the date on which the Compact statute is enactedinto law in the seventh Member State.
- 1. On or after the effective date of the Compact, the Commission shall convene and review the enactment of each of the Charter Member States to determine if the statute enacted by each such Charter Member State is materially different than the model Compact statute.
- a. A Charter Member State whose enactment is found to be materially different
  from the model Compact statute shall be entitled to the default process set forth
  in Article 12.
- b. If any Member State is later found to be in default, or is terminated or withdraws
  from the Compact, the Commission shall remain in existence and the Compact
  shall remain in effect even if the number of Member States should be less than
  seven (7).
- Member States enacting the Compact subsequent to the Charter Member States shall
  be subject to the process set forth in Article 9.C.24 to determine if their enactments
  are materially different from the model Compact statute and whether they qualify for
  participation in the Compact.
- All actions taken for the benefit of the Commission or in furtherance of the purposes
  of the administration of the Compact prior to the effective date of the Compact or the

797 Commission unless specifically repudiated by the Commission. 798 4. Any State that joins the Compact shall be subject to the Commission's Rules and 799 bylaws as they exist on the date on which the Compact becomes law in that State. 800 Any Rule that has been previously adopted by the Commission shall have the full 801 force and effect of law on the day the Compact becomes law in that State. 802 B. Any Member State may withdraw from this Compact by enacting a statute repealing that 803 State's enactment of the Compact. 804 1. A Member State's withdrawal shall not take effect until one hundred eighty (180) 805 days after enactment of the repealing statute. 806 2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing State's 807 State Licensing Authority to comply with the investigative and Adverse Action 808 reporting requirements of this Compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal. 809 3. Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing from this Compact, a State shall immediately provide notice of such withdrawal to all Licensees within that State. 810 811 Notwithstanding any subsequent statutory enactment to the contrary, such 812 withdrawing State shall continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to this 813 Compact for a minimum of one hundred eighty (180) days after the date of such 814 notice of withdrawal. 815 C. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any 816 licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a Member State and a 817 non-Member State that does not conflict with the provisions of this Compact. 818 819 D. This Compact may be amended by the Member States. No amendment to this Compact 820 shall become effective and binding upon any Member State until it is enacted into the laws of all Member States. 821 822 **ARTICLE 14- CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY** 823 A. This Compact and the Commission's rulemaking authority shall be liberally construed so as 824 to effectuate the purposes, and the implementation and administration of the Compact. 825 Provisions of the Compact expressly authorizing or requiring the promulgation of Rules shall 826 not be construed to limit the Commission's rulemaking authority solely for those purposes. 827 B. The provisions of this Compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence or 828 provision of this Compact is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the 829 constitution of any Member State, a State seeking participation in the Compact, or of the 830 United States, or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance 831 is held to be unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the validity of the

Commission coming into existence shall be considered to be actions of the

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- remainder of this Compact and the applicability thereof to any other government, agency,person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.
- C. Notwithstanding Article 14.B, the Commission may deny a State's participation in the
  Compact or, in accordance with the requirements of Article 12, terminate a Member State's
  participation in the Compact, if it determines that a constitutional requirement of a Member
  State is a material departure from the Compact. Otherwise, if this Compact shall be held to be
  contrary to the constitution of any Member State, the Compact shall remain in full force and
- effect as to the remaining Member States and in full force and effect as to the Member State
- 840 affected as to all severable matters.

### 841 ARTICLE 15- CONSISTENT EFFECT AND CONFLICT WITH OTHER STATE LAWS

A. Nothing herein shall prevent or inhibit the enforcement of any other law of a Member Statethat is not inconsistent with the Compact.

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- B. Any laws, statutes, regulations, or other legal requirements in a Member State in conflict
  with the Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
- 847
- 848 C. All permissible agreements between the Commission and the Member States are binding inaccordance with their terms.